

PROV 157

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Chief, M/NW ATTN: 25X1A9a  
THRU : Chief, D/OC  
Chief, OC/E

27 August 1959  
CIA/RR C/S 59-16

Review of NIS 22, Section 63

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The manuscript of Section 63, NIS 22, was reviewed by [redacted] as requested. Minor points raised, relating primarily to geographic locations, were discussed with [redacted] OC/E comments concerning these points are forwarded herewith for the record.

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A. General

1. Place name spellings should be checked to consistently conform to either the new BGN approved spellings (based mainly on Indicator Alfabetic al Localitilor din RFR, 1956) or the old spellings listed in the Preliminary NIS Gazetteer: Rumania. Since the new BGN gazetteer is scheduled for issuance in November 1959, it is recommended that spellings in this report follow the new listing.
2. (Page 2, line 20) The Transylvanian Alps are a part of the Carpathian Mountains. Suggest changing the sentence to either "...the arc of the Transylvanian Alps and the Moldavian Carpathians" or "...the arc of the Carpathian Mountains".
3. (Page 2, line 21) The term western flanks implies the western slopes of the Transylvanian Alps. The deposits are located in the western segment of the Transylvanian Alps, but few actually occur along the western slopes.
4. (Page 3, lines 1 and 2) Transylvania is still commonly used as the name for this geographic region, so it is unnecessary to refer to it as old Transylvania. Since all of Transylvania is located west or north of the main Carpathian chain, it is suggested that the sentence be changed to "...particularly in Transylvania."
5. (Page 5, line 6) The uranium ores are located primarily in the Apuseni (Western) Mountains rather than the Transylvanian Alps.

B. Iron and Ferroalloys

1. (Page 1, line 1) Since Albania is one of the European Satellites, this sentence could be interpreted as meaning that Albania produces more steel than either Rumania or Bulgaria.

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Analyst: [redacted]

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2. (Page 1, line 11) The references to alloying materials and to manganese in this paragraph are confusing. It is suggested that some explanation be given as to whether manganese is or is not produced as an alloying material.
3. (Page 3, line 5) The term region is used frequently in the report meaning regiune -- the Rumanian first-order political administrative division. It is recommended that the word regiune (underscored) be used in all cases to avoid confusion with geographic regions.
4. (Page 14, line 1) As in B-1 above, Albania apparently was not considered as one of the European Satellites.
5. (Page 17, line 9) The name Ferdinand has been changed to Opelu Rogu.
6. (Page 35, line 6) This sentence could be interpreted as meaning that Rumania's small requirements for manganese are easily satisfied by domestic production leaving the bulk of production free for export. Clarification is needed since elsewhere in the report it is indicated that metallurgical quality manganese is imported and not supplied by domestic production, and that even in the peak export year only one-third of total production was exported.
7. (Page 38, line 7) These deposits are located in the Almaj Mountains near Orsova. The area is not considered part of the southern Banat nor is it commonly referred to as the Severin region. The deposits are located much closer to Orsova than Turnu Severin.
8. (Page 39, lines 5 and 6) It is suggested that the location be given as near Oravita or in the southern Banat near Oravita in preference to in the Severin region.

C. Nonferrous Metals

1. (Page 18, lines 3-5) Sentences 1 and 2 of this paragraph are conflicting since the western flank of the Carpathian Mountains does not extend into all of the regiuni mentioned. Note also that Arad Regiune has been abolished and divided between Timisoara and Oradea Regiuni, and that no deposits are shown on the map for Suceava, Cluj, Oradea or Timisoara Regiuni.
2. (Page 18, line 18) Altin Tepe in Constanta Regiune is shown on the map but not mentioned in the text as an operating mine.
3. (Page 22, line 10) The map shows lead deposits in the Timis area and Oradea Regiuni in addition to Hunedara and Baia Mare Regiuni.

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4. (Page 29, line 21) The geographic coordinates for Gura Jirza are 46°03'N, 22°50'E.

5. (Page 31, line 8) Most of the uranium deposits are found in the Apuseni Mountains in the western part of the country.

6. (Page 42, line 7) The geographic coordinates for Merchesea are 46°04'N, 25°20'E.

7. (Table--Location of Principal Mines and Deposits). The following place name spelling errors were noted:

- a) (Page 1) Slatioreara should be Sălticiora
- b) (Page 1) Pojarata should be Pojorîta
- c) (Page 3) Torciaga should be Torciaga Mountain
- d) (Page 5) Sacarab should be Săcărâmbu
- e) (Page 6) Rodna is in Cluj Regiune rather than Baza Mare Regiune
- f) (Page 6, under comments) eastern or Moldavian Carpathians
- g) (Page 8) Tisacora should be Tisicora
- h) (Page 9) Oana Maregului should be Oana Mareș
- i) (Page 10) Targa Oana should be Tîrgu Oana
- j) (Page 10) The geographic coordinates for Merchesea are 46°04'N, 25°20'E.

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Distribution:

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